



Gesellschaft für Elektro-Physikalische Meßgeräte mbH

Contents

1.	Notes to the use of the catalogue	2
2.	Introduction	2
3.	Motor Protection Thermistors (PTC)	3
3.1	General	3
3.2	Classical Motor Protection Thermistor Type (EPTC / DPTC-SH-xxx)	4
4.	Thermistor (NTC)	6
4.1	General	6
4.2	Thermistors for Temperature Control Type (K227)	6
5	Silicon Sensors	g
5.1	General	g
5.2	Sensor Production Series 83-1xx and 84-1xx	10
5.2.1	KTY-Sensor Production Series 83-1xx	10
5.2.2	KTY Sensor Production Series 84-1xx	13
6.	Confectioning variations	16
6.1	Confectioning variations with Ex certification according to ATEX	16
6.2	Confectioned Shrinkage Tube Insulated Sensors Type (XXX-XSH)	17
6.3	Confectioned Sensors in Ceramic Collet Type (XXX-KH)	18
6.4	Confectioned Sensors in Metal Collet Type (XXX-MH)	19
6.5	Thermometer for Screwing In Type (XXX-SGH)	20
6.6	Slot Resistance Thermometer Type (ZS / AK / E-NTS-ZS / KTY-ZS)	22
7.	Switching Devices for PTC Thermistors and KTY Sensors	24
7.1	General	24
7.2	Operating and Application Fields of PTC Thermistor Switching Devices	24
7.3	PTC Thermistor Release Devices	25
7.3.1	Release Device Type (INT69)	25
7.3.2	Release Device Type (TÜS100)	27
7.3.3	PTC Release Device with ATEX Approval Type MS(R)	29
7.3.4	KTY Release Device Type (KTY 04.01-R)	30



Gesellschaft für Elektro-Physikalische Meßgeräte mbH

1 Notes to the use of the Catalogue

Products included in this catalogue represent a general overview of the principally deliverable types of construction and confectioning variations of PTC-, NTC- und KTY- Sensors of EPHY-MESS. At first the individual basic types of construction of the sensors, as well as the technical benchmark figures are presented. An overview of the default deliverable possibilities of confectioning follows. Finally some release devices for the different types of sensors are discussed. The different variations and modifications for one product are separated by the sign "|". Please note that the variations cannot be combined always freely, because, for example, a small collet diameter only allows a specific hose pipe or a special sensor. The confectioning variations shown in the catalogue are standard types of construction. However, any customer specific solutions are practicable. The specification sheets are kept general and normally specify only the benchmark figures. Due to the countless number of possibilities which could result, it is unfortunately not possible to display all variations. In the case of special requirements or desires, please contact our sales department. We would gladly develop with you a temperature sensor according your special requirements. A confectioning of sensors, as set by you, is also possible.

2 Introduction

For the thermal control of electrical machines motor protection (PTC, NTC) thermistors, as well as (NTC) silicon sensors (KTY of the production series 83-1xx and 84-1xx), have stood the test at best. Motor protection PTC thermistors qualify very good for control of a limit temperature. By use of these PTC thermistors and a suitable switching device a reliable overheating protection system can be realised. By means of silicon sensors and NTC in many cases a well-priced temperature measurement can be realised. All sensors are mainly confectioned by EPHY-MESS for the placement inside the winding or slot of electrical machines. But they are also suitable for other tasks of temperature measurement and control.

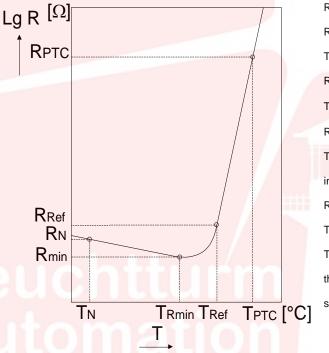


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3 Motor Protection Thermistors (PTC)

3.1 General

A Positive Temperature Coefficient thermistor (PTC) is a semiconductor of endowed, polycrystalline barium titanate ceramic, whose electrical resistance rapidly increases when a certain temperature is exceeded. PTC thermistors deliverable by EPHY-MESS are mainly motor protection thermistors according to DIN 44081 – 82, which are set in the winding of electrical motors, generators and transformers. The typical resistance / temperature characteristic of motor protection thermistors is displayed in the following diagram.



R(PTC) = f(TPTC) R_N PTC thermistor resistance at TN T_N Rated temperature (25°C) $R_{\text{min}} \\$ Minimum resistance T_{Rmin} Temperature at R_{min} (beginning of the positive α) R_{Ref} Reference resistance at TRef Reference temperature (beginning of the steep resistance T_{Ref} increase) Arbitrary resistance in the steep zone R_{PTC} to R_{PTC} belonging temperature T_{PTC} Nominal response temperature for motor protection PTC T_{NAT} thermistors defined instead of the reference temperature in the steep zone

Fig. 1: Characteristic response curve flow of motor protection PTC thermistors R_{PTC} = f (T_{PTC})

At combination of a motor protection PTC thermistor with a switching device one receives an effective, well-priced and quickly reacting solution for the protection of electrical machines from overheating.

As visible in fig. 1, the resistance value of the PTC thermistor increases steeply after reaching of its reference temperature. For the classification of the sensor one fixes a point in the steep zone of the response curve, the so called nominal response temperature (NAT). It signifies the temperature value, at which the downstream connected release device reacts inside the tolerance range. At the selection of the used PTC, its NAT incl. tolerance has to be chosen so, that it corresponds to the maximum acceptable operation temperature of the motor. The PTC's are also to be connected in series with different NAT inside a measurement circuit. Thereby different ranges of temperature of a machine can be controlled with only one measurement circuit. As soon as at one PTC the by its NAT defined maximum temperature is exceeded, the connected downstream switching device switches the machine off. Furthermore the usage of 2 different NAT is possible, if for example, one wants to realise at a single motor a combination of forewarn and shutoff. However in this case two measurement circuits are necessary.



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3.2 Classical Motor Protection Thermistor Type (EPTC / DPTC-SH-xxx)

IECEx: Ex eb IIC, Ex ta IIIC, Ex ia IIC Gb, Ex ia IIIC Gb

ATEX: II 2G Ex e IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ta IIIC Da, II 2G Ex ia IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ia IIIC Db

Ex e II U, Ex tb IIIC Db U, Ex ia IIC U, Ex ia IIIC Db U



Fig. 2: DPTC-SH-155 standard: KL=500/180/180/500 mm

EPTC / DPTC-SH-xxx Designation

EPTC = single PTC thermistor DPTC = triplet PTC thermistor SH = shrinkage tube coat

xxx = (NAT) nominal response temperature [°C]

Construction **EPTC-SH-xxx**

> PTC thermistor pill according to DIN 44081 varnish and shrinkage tube insulated with fix connected single strands

DPTC-SH-xxx

3 PTC thermistor pills according to DIN 44082 varnish and shrinkage tube insulated with fix connected single strands boarded in series

UL-approval UL 1434 (UL file-Nummer E69802)

optional incl. NAT 180°C

Measuring element EPTC

single PTC thermistor type Bariumtitanat (BaTiO₃) material 2-wire circuit connection

R<100 Ω at metering voltage ≤ 2,5V resistance value

> ±5K acc. DIN 44081 (up to/ incl. NAT 160°C) ±7K acc. DIN 44081 (starting at NAT 170°C)

Measuring element DPTC

tolerance

triple PTC thermistor type Bariumtitanat (BaTiO₃) material 2- wire circuit connection

R<300 Ω at metering voltage $\leq 2,5V$ (bis incl. NAT 180°C) resistance value

R<350 Ω at metering voltage \leq 2,5V (from NAT 190°C)

tolerance ±5K acc. DIN 44082 (up to/ incl. NAT 160°C)

±7K acc. DIN 44082 (from NAT 170°C)



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Electric values EPTC

nominal switching temperature max. operating voltage max. measuring voltage dielectric strength NAT °C (see above)

30VDC valid in the range from 0°C ... +40°C 7,5VDC in the range from -25°C up to TNAT +23K

2,5 kV / AC 50 Hz / 1 min.

Electric values DPTC

nominal switching temperature max. operating voltage max. measuring voltage dielectric strength NAT °C (see above)

30 V DC valid in the range from 0°C ... +40°C 7,5 V DC in the range from -25°C up to TNAT +23K

2,5 kV / AC 50 Hz / 1 min.

Temparature range

Pill size (insulated)

operating temperature

-25°C ... +200°C; above +200°C a possible self-heating caused by the measuring voltage has to be considered.

Old, former standard pill ø<4mm | Up-to-date mini pill ø < 3mm

Pill insulation T < 160°C => Kynar[®] shrinkage tube

T ≥ 160°C => PTFE shrinkage tube

TNAT I°C1 Colour code

Nominal response temperature 60°C ... +190°C

Colour codes

INAI ['C]	Colour code
60	WH/GY
70	WH/BN
80	WH/WH
90	GN / GN
100	RD / RD
110	BN / BN
120	GY / GY
130	BU / BU
140	WH/BU
145	WH/BK
150	BK / BK
155	BU / BK
160	BU / RD
170	WH/GN
180	WH/RD
190	BK / GY

Tab. 1: Colour code of motor protection PTC thermistors according to DIN 40080

Connection line Single strands AWG 26/7

Insulation PTFE

Standard cable length¹ EPTC 500mm | 2000mm

DPTC 500/180/180/500mm | 2000/300/300/2000mm

¹ Other cable length on request



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Colour code Outside connection according to Tab. 1

Inside connection for DPTC = YE (yellow)

Confectioning variations ESH/DSH | SGH | KH | AK/ZS | MH

4 Thermistor (NTC)

4.1 General

A NTC thermistor is according to DIN 44070 resp. IEC 60593 a temperature dependant semiconductor resistor whose value of resistance decreases with growing temperature. The Negative Temperature Coeffizient (NTC) lies at approx. -2... -6%/K and is therewith approx. ten times bigger as for metals. Therefore thermistors are well suitable for the measurement of temperatures. They consist of manganese, iron, cobalt, nickel, copper and zinc oxide; those are admixed with other oxides for chemical stabilisation. These are prepared to a powdery compound and after addition of a plastic binding agent sintered at temperatures of approx. 1000 - 1400°C. Afterwards the polycrystalline semiconductors are pinned and by means of special ageing methods aged for the stabilisation of the resistant values aged. The change of the resistance in operation can be caused by a change in the temperature of the environment, as well as by self-heating as a result of electrical loading. While using PTC thermistors the response temperature of the protection equipment is defined by the NAT of the PTC, one can adjust the switching point of a NTC at the corresponding switching device.

4.2 Thermistors for Temperature Control Type (K227)



Fig. 3: Motor protection PTC thermistor type K227, $1,8k\Omega$

Specification NTC-SH, type K227 B57227 K333A, $1.8k\Omega$

Special construction 10 k Ω , technical dates on request

ATTENTION: all here mentioned dates refer to the type 1.8 k Ω

Construction Thermistor disk with Kynar shrinkage tube insulation and fix

connected single strands

Pill dimensions (insulated) ø_{max}= 5 mm x 14 mm

Application For the thermal control of electrical machines and the temperature

measurement inside electrical motors and transformers

Temperature range -55...155°C

Max. power 200mW at T=25°C



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Resistance tolerance $\Delta R/RN = \pm 10\%$

Nominal resistance (RN) 1.8 k Ω | 10 k Ω | special construction

Nominal temperature 100°C

Resistance R25°C 32.762 $k\Omega$

Heat conductance value 5 mW/K (in static air)

Therm. cooling period constant 30 s (in static air)

Heat capacity 150 mJ/K

Insulation resistance (U=100V) >100 MOhm

Dielectric strength 2.5 kV / AC 50Hz / 1min.

B-value (B25/B100) 4300 K

B-value tolerance ±1.5%

Pill insulation Kynar® shrinkage tube

Connection line PTFE single strands

Cable section AWG26
Colour code Red / Grey

Cable length (standard) 380mm | 2000mm



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Characteristic curve

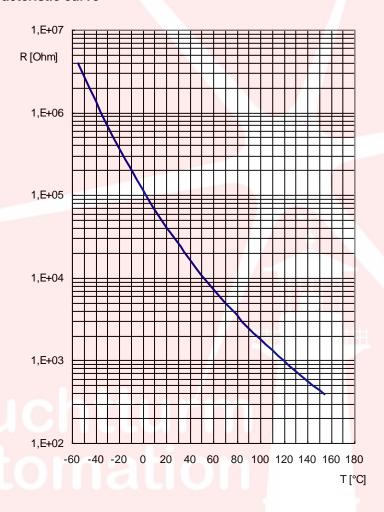


Fig. 4: Characteristic curve NTC K227, 1,8kOhm



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5 Silicon Sensors

5.1 General

Silicon sensors of the KTY production series are like diodes built semiconductors. Their operation temperature range extends from -55°....+ 175°C (KTY 83 series), resp. from 40°...+300°C (KTY84 series), what is sufficient for the most industrial measuring purposes. They have, just as PTC thermistors, a positive temperature coefficient but in contrary to them they show an approximate linear characteristic line. Their resistance response is comparable with this of a precision resistor with a big temperature coefficient. The range of application is the measuring of temperatures and control of limit values. The range of tolerance at reference temperature lies according to the construction between 3 and 5%, what is compared with a Pt100 relatively inexact. But for many applications, as e.g. motor protection, this is completely sufficient, because in this case the sensors operate mostly relatively close to their nominal temperature (for KTY84-1xx) and at this applications a degree more or less is not important. For this reason, in industry they are a very common and a low priced alternative for the classical Pt100. By EPHY-MESS confectioned sensors base on the KTY production series 83-1xx and 84-1xx. On customers request, other KTY types are available.

Leuchtturm Automation



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5.2 Sensor Production Series 83-1xx and 84-1xx

5.2.1 KTY-Sensor Production Series 83-1xx

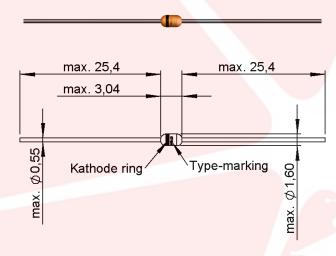


Fig. 5: Silicon KTY 83-1xx sensor

Designation Silicon KTY83-1xx

xx = tolerance range (see Tab. 2:)

Construction¹ Silicon sensor in DO-34 housing with axial connection rods

Type labelling Printed type number on DO-34 housing (see Tab. 2:)

Connection labelling Black cathode ring

Remark: The side of the cathode is marked with a black colour ring. This side has to be connected due to the polarity dependence of the sensor with the negative potential of

the measuring appliance.

Measuring range -55°C...175°C

Nominal resistance 1000Ω

Nominal temperature 25°C

Measuring current 1mA

Max. acceptable constant current

 Id_{max} in air (25°C) 10 mA Id_{max} in air (175°C) 2mA

-

¹ Dimensions see Fig 5



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Tolerance range

Туре	Type labelling	Tolerance	Tolerance range $R_N = 1000\Omega$ $T_N = 25^{\circ}C$
KTY83-110	KTY83A	±1%	990 1010 Ω
KTY83-120	KTY83C	±2%	980 1020 Ω
KTY83-121	KTY83D	-2%	980 1000 Ω
KTY83-122	KTY83E	+2%	1000 1020 Ω
KTY83-150	KTY83H	±5%	950 1050 Ω
KTY83-151	KTY83K	-5%	950 1000 Ω
KTY83-152	KTY83N	+5%	1000 1050 Ω

Tab. 2: Tolerances of KTY 83-1xx

Temperature coefficient $\alpha 25$ 0.76%/K

Resistance ratio $R100 / R25 = 1.67 \pm 0.02$

 $R55 / R25 = 0.50 \pm 0.01$

Thermal time constant T

Inside static air20 sInside resting water1 sInside flowing water0.5 s

Housing / dimensions Diode glass housing DO-34 (compare Fig. 5:)

Confectioning variations ESH/DSH | KH | MH | SGH | AK/ZS

Characteristic curve $R_T = R_N [1 + A (9 - 9_N) + B (9 - 9_N)^2]$

R_N = nominal resistance

 ϑ_N = nominal temperature (25°C)

9 = temperature [°C]

A, B = constants $A = 7.635 \ 10-3$

B = 1.731 10-5



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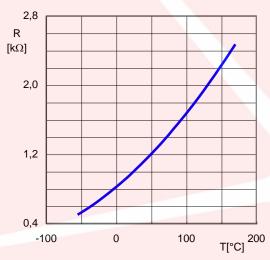


Fig. 6: R(T) characteristic curve of KTY 83-1xx

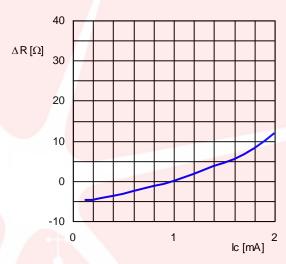


Fig. 7: Resistance deviation dependent of the measuring current

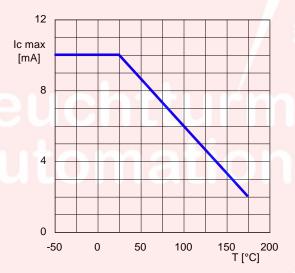


Fig. 8: Max. current in dependence of the temperature

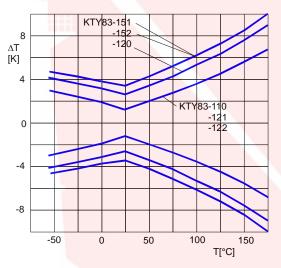


Fig. 9: Max. measuring error in dependence of the temperature



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5.2.2 KTY Sensor Production Series 84-1xx

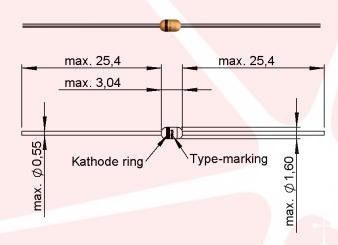


Fig. 10: Silicon KTY production series 84-1xx

Designation Silicon KTY84-1xx

xx = tolerance range (see Tab. 3:)

Construction Silicon sensor in DO-34 housing with axial connection rods

Type labelling Printed type number on DO-34 housing (see Tab. 3:)

Connection labelling Black cathode ring

Remark: The side of the cathode is marked with a black colour ring. This side has to be connected due to the polarity dependence of the sensor with the negative potential of

the measuring appliance.

Colour code¹ (+) = yellow (-) = green

Measuring range -40°C ... +300°C

Nominal resistance 1000Ω

Nominal temperature 100°C

Measuring current 2 mA

Max. acceptable constant current

 ID_{max} inside air (25°C) 10 mA ID_{max} inside air (300°C) 2 mA

¹ At confectioning variations of Ephy-Mess



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Tolerance range

Туре	Type labelling	Tolerance	Tolerance range $R_{Nenn} = 1000\Omega \square$ $T_{Nenn} = 100^{\circ}C$
KTY84-130	KTY84L	± 3%	9701030 Ω
KTY84-150	KTY84M	±5%	9501050 Ω
KTY84-151	KTY84O	-5%	9501000 Ω
KTY84-152	KTY84P	+5%	10001050 Ω

Tab. 3: Tolerances of KTY 84-1xx

Temperature coefficient $\alpha 25 = 0.61\%/K$

Resistance ratio R250/R100 = 2.166 ± 0.055

 $R25/R100 = 0.603 \pm 0.08$

Thermal time constant T

Inside static air20 sInside resting water1 sInside flowing water0.5 s

Housing / dimensions Diode glass housing DO-34 (compare Fig. 10:)

Characteristic curve $R_T = R_N [1+A (9-9_N) + B (9-9_N)^2]$

R_N = nominal resistance

 θ_{N} = nominal temperature (100°C)

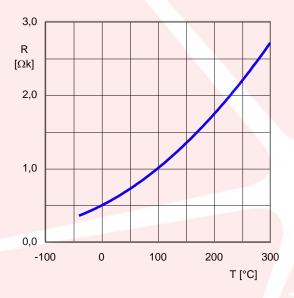
θ = temperature [°C]

A, B = constants $A = 6.229 \ 10-3$

B = 1.159 10-5



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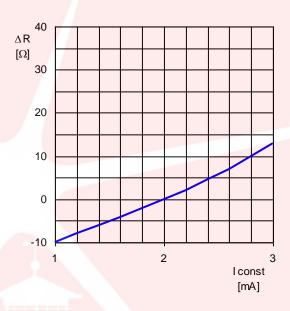
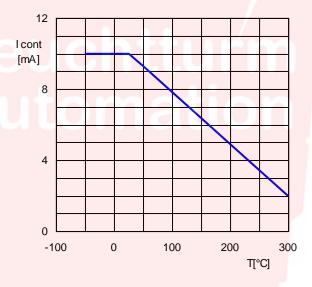


Fig. 11: R(T) characteristic curve of KTY 84-1xx

Fig. 12: Resistance deviation dependent of the measuring current





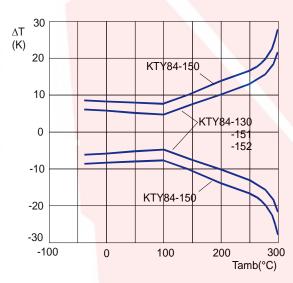


Fig. 14: Max. measuring error in dependence of the temperature



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6 Confectioning variations

The following table gives a general view over the different confectioning variations of the single basic sensors.

Designation	Construction	PTC	DPTC	NTC	KTY
XXX-ESH	XXX-Sensor with a single layer of shrinkable tube and a fix connected supply line	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
XXX-DSH	XXX-Sensor with a double layer of shrinkable tube and a fix connected supply line	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
XXX-MH	XXX-Sensor built into a metall sleeve with fix connected supply line	XXX		XXX	XXX
XXX-KH	XXX-Sensor sealed into a ceramic sleeve with fix connected supply line	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
XXX-SGH	XXX-Sensor built into a screw housing with fix connected supply line	xxx		XXX	XXX
XXX-AK	XXX-Sensor built in a HGW intake body (AK). Closed with cover disk and additional insulated with PTFE shrinkage tube. Fix connected supply line.	xxx		xxx	xxx
XXX-ZS	XXX-Sensor buitd into a ZS housing	XXX		XXX	XXX

Tab. 4: Confectioning variations of basic sensors

6.1 Confectioning variations with Ex certification according to ATEX

Тур	Bauform	Sensor	IEC Ex	ATEX	TR
PR-SPA-EX-WKF	XXX - ESH XXX - DSH XXX - MH XXX - KH XXX - SGH	PTC* KTY83/84	Ex ta IIIC Ex ia IIC Gb	II 2G Ex e IIC Gb II 2D Ex ta IIIC Da II 2G Ex ia IIC Gb II 2D Ex ia IIIC Db	Ex e II U Ex tb IIIC Db U Ex ia IIC U Ex ia IIIC Db U
PR-SPA-EX-NWT	XXX – AK XXX - ZS	PTC* KTY83/84	Ex ia IIIC Gb	II 20 LX Id IIIC DD	LX IA IIIO DD O

*acc. DIN 44081-82

Tab. 5: Confectioning variations with Ex certification according to IECEx, ATEX and TR certification



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6.2 Confectioned Shrinkage Tube Insulated Sensors Type (XXX-XSH)

IECEx: Ex eb IIC, Ex ta IIIC, Ex ia IIC Gb, Ex ia IIIC Gb

ATEX: II 2G Ex e IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ta IIIC Da, II 2G Ex ia IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ia IIIC Db

Ex e II U, Ex tb IIIC Db U, Ex ia IIC U, Ex ia IIIC Db U



Specification XXX/XSH

XXX = PTC | NTC | KTY, (see basic sensors) X =E = single shrinkage tube insulated X =D = double shrinkage tube insulated

Construction Measuring sensor, single or double layer insulated by means of

shrinkage tube with fix connected connection line

EPTC/ DPTC | NTC | KTY **Temperature sensor** (also as Pt100 available)

Measuring range Dependent on the used sensor

175°C | 190°C | 260°C *) Dependent on the used sensor Max. operation temperature*

Sensor insulation 1) ESH single-layer insulated 2) DSH double-layer insulated

Dimensions' From approx. ø3mm x length from approx. 10mm

*) dependent on the used sensor and wire

Kynar | Kynarflex | PTFE shrinkage tube Material

Connection line Shrinkage tube | teflon flat cable shrinkage tube

Screened shrinkage tube | PTFE single strands

Silicon | teflon | spun glass Insulation Cable section*

AWG 20 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 28 | 30 *) section at SL /FSL dependent on type

Cable length Upon customers request

Cable ends Partly stripped | cable collets | blank | solder plated At PTC according to Tab. 1: on customer's request Colour code

Without $|R_{(iso)} 500V \ge 200M\Omega | 1.5 \text{ kV / AC } 50 \text{ Hz / 1 min.} |$ Dielectric strength*

2.5 kV / AC 50 Hz / 1 min.*) Only at DSH

Special constructions Waterproofed construction (IP 66)

Screened construction (XXX-DSH-A)

Dielectric strength up to 8 kV

Optional with IECEx, ATEX or TR-certification*

*) not available for NTC



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6.3 Confectioned Sensors in Ceramic Collet Type (XXX-KH)

IECEx: Ex eb IIC, Ex ta IIIC, Ex ia IIC Gb, Ex ia IIIC Gb

ATEX: II 2G Ex e IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ta IIIC Da, II 2G Ex ia IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ia IIIC Db

TR: Ex e II U, Ex tb IIIC Db U, Ex ia IIC U, Ex ia IIIC Db U

Fig. 16: XXX-KH, top: 4,9x30mm / below: 3x15mm

Specification XXX-KH

XXX= EPTC/DPTC | NTC | KTY

KH = ceramic collet

Construction Basic sensor with fix connected connection line shed

in ceramic collet/s

Sensors EPTC/DPTC | NTC | KTY

Protection collet Ceramic protection collet

Material Al2O3 ceramic

Dimensions

Туре	Dimension <mark>s</mark>
HÜ-KH-EFG*	ø3 x 15 mm
HÜ-KH-EFG	ø4 x 25 mm
HÜ-KH-ERG**	ø4.9 x 16 mm
HÜ-KH-ERG	ø4.9 x 30 m <mark>m</mark>

^{*)} EFG = single sided flat closed

Tab. 6: Dimensions of ceramic collets

Connection line Shrinkage tube | screened shrinkage tube | PTFE single strands

Insulation Teflon | silicone | spun glass

Cable section* AWG 20 / 22 / 24 / 26 / 28 / 30

*) For SL dependent on type

Cable lenght On customer's request

Cable ends

Partly stripped | cable collets | blank | solder plated

Colour code

For PTC according to Tab. 1: | on customer's request

Dielectric strength $R_{\text{(iso)}} 500\text{V} \ge 200\text{M}\Omega \mid \text{up to 5 kV / AC 50 Hz / 1 min.}$

Special construction With varnish glass filament tube (LGLS) as nick protection

^{**)} ERG = single sided round closed



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6.4 Confectioned Sensors in Metal Collet Type (XXX-MH)

IECEx: Ex eb IIC, Ex ta IIIC, Ex ia IIC Gb, Ex ia IIIC Gb

ATEX: II 2G Ex e IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ta IIIC Da, II 2G Ex ia IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ia IIIC Db

TR: Ex e II U, Ex to IIIC Db U, Ex ia IIC U, Ex ia IIIC Db U



Fig. 17: XXX-MH with mounting hole and fix connected supply line

Specification XXX-MH

XXX = EPTC | NTC | KTY

MH = metal collet

Construction Basic sensor built in metal collet, with fix connected connection line

EPTC | NTC | KTY **Sensors**

Protection collet Metallic protection collet

Material V2A brass

Cable connection* Beaded rolled shed

*) Dependent on cable type

Dimensions* ø min 3 x length min 20mm

*) dependent on connection line and used sensor

Connection line Shrinkage tube | screened shrinkage tube | PTFE single strands

Insulation Silicone | Teflon | spun glass Cable section*

AWG 20 / 22 / 24 / 26 / 28 / 30

*) for SL dependent on type

Cable lenght On customer's request

Cable ends Partly stripped | cable collets | blank | solder plated For PTC according to Tab. 1: on customer's request Colour code

Dielectric strength Without $|R_{(iso)} 500V \ge 200M\Omega | 2kV / AC 50Hz / 1min.$

Special construction Screened construction

With mounting hole M4



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6.5 Thermometer for Screwing In Type (XXX-SGH)

IECEx: Ex eb IIC, Ex ta IIIC, Ex ia IIC Gb, Ex ia IIIC Gb

ATEX: II 2G Ex e IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ta IIIC Da, II 2G Ex ia IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ia IIIC Db

TR: Ex e II U, Ex to IIIC Db U, Ex ia IIC U, Ex ia IIIC Db U



Fig. 18: Left: XXX-SGH construction A with PTFE single strands)
Middle: XXX-SGH construction A with fix shed connector
Right: XXX-SGH construction B with silicone insulated hose liner

Designation Thermometer for screwing in, screw housing XXX-SGH

XXX = PTC | NTC | KTY SGH = screw housing

Construction (A): Basic sensor shed in brass or aluminium screw

housing, with fix connected connection line

Construction (B): Basic sensor in VA collet with fix or shiftable

screwing

Measuring range Dependent on used sensor

Max. operation temperature* 180°C | 260°C *) Dependent on used sensor

Sensors PTC | NTC | KTY



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Screw housing construction A

Material	Thread x mounting length ¹	SW x height
Brass	M4 x 7,5mm	SW 7x10mm
Brass	M4 x 6mm	SW 7x10mm
Brass	M5 x 7,5mm	SW8x10mm
Brass	M6 x 7,5mm	SW10x10mm
Brass	M6 x 7,5mm	SW 8x15mm
Brass	M8 x 8mm	SW19x24mm ²
Brass	M8 x 7,5mm	SW13x10mm
Aluminium	M4 x 6mm	SW8x8mm
Aluminium	M5 x 6mm	SW8x12mm

Tab. 7: Dimensions of standard screw housings

Screwings construction B

Ø-VA collet [mm]	mounting length [mm]	VA-VSB
4mm	from 20	M10x1
5mm		G1/4"
6mm (standard)		G3/8"
8mm		G1/2"

Tab. 8: Collets ø and screwings

Shrinkage tube | PTFE single strands **Connection line**

Silicone | Teflon | spun glass Insulation

On customer's request Cable length

Cable ends Partly stripped | cable collets | blank | solder plated

For PTC according to Tab. 1: on customer's request Colour code

Without $\left| \ R_{(iso)} \ 500V \ge 200 M\Omega \right| 2kV \ / \ AC \ / \ 50Hz \ 1min.$ Dielectric strength

 $^{^1}$ For all diamaters \geq 6mm, the sensor is placed inside the screw base for a better thermal linking 2 with shed connector (4-pole) see 0



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6.6 Slot Resistance Thermometer Type (ZS; AK; E-NTS-ZS; KTY-ZS)

IECEx: Ex eb IIC, Ex ta IIIC, Ex ia IIC Gb, Ex ia IIIC Gb

ATEX: II 2G Ex e IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ta IIIC Da, II 2G Ex ia IIC Gb, II 2D Ex ia IIIC Db

TR: Ex e II U, Ex tb IIIC Db U, Ex ia IIC U, Ex ia IIIC Db U



Fig. 19: Above: XXX-ZS with flat cable shrinkage tube Below: XXX-AK with PTFE single strands

Designation

XXX-ZS slot resistance thermometer
XXX-AK slot resistance thermometer
(E-NTS-ZS) Ex e version (only PTC)
(KTY-ZS) Ex e version (only KTY)
ZS = intermediate slide
AK = intake body
XXX = PTC | NTC | KTY

Construction

(**ZS**) Basic sensor with fix connected connection line, fixed by means of bridge and directly shed in epoxy resin intermediate slide housing

(AK) Basic sensor built in and shed in HGW intake body of silicon. Closed with cover disk and additional insulated with PTFE shrinkage tube. Fix connected connection line.

Measuring range

Dependent on used sensor

Max. operation temperature¹

180°C | 200°C

Sensors

PTC | NTC | KTY

(also as Pt100 available)

Intake body (ZS)

Epoxy resin intermediate slide, rigid

Material

Epoxy resin

Dimensions²

 $D(min.)=3\pm0.3 \text{ mm x B(min.)} = 4\pm0.3 \text{ mm x L(min.)} = 20\pm3 \text{ mm}$

Dependent on used sensor

² Dependent on used sensor and cable



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Intake body (AK) HGW intake body, flexible

Material Silicon glass fabric-base laminate

Dimensions¹ $D(min.)=3\pm0.3 B(min.) =5\pm0.3 mm L(min.) =20\pm3 mm$

*) depends on the used sensor

Insulation PTFE shrinkage tube single or double layer

Connection line Shrinkage tube | Teflon flat cable shrinkage tube |

PTFE single strands

Insulation Teflon silicone

Colour code For PTC according to Tab. 1: on customer's request

Section² AWG20 | 24 | 26 | 28 | customers request

*) When hose line cross-section depending of the type

Cable length On customer's request

Partly stripped | cable collets | blank | solder plated Cable ends

Without | up to 5kV / AC 50Hz / 1min. | on customer's request Dielectric strength

Ex e certificated versions according to IEC EX and ATEX*)**) **Special construction**

*) not for NTC)

**) only E-NTS-ZS | KTY-ZS | XXX-AK-ESH

¹ Dependent on used sensor

² At shrinkage tube section dependent of type



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7 Switching Devices for PTC Thermistors and KTY Sensors

7.1 General

The by PTC thermistors or temperature measuring sensors controlled switching devices ensure primarily the thermal overload protection of electrical machines. The switching point of the protection appliance is defined for PTC thermistors by whose nominal response temperature (NAT). For KTY sensors it is adjustable on the device.

By EPHY-MESS supplied PTC thermistor switching devices can be used together with all motor protection PTC thermistors according to DIN 44081/82. The KTY switching device is compatible with all sensors of the production series KTY84-1xx.

7.2 Operating and Application Fields of PTC Thermistor Switching Devices

After mounting of the PTC thermistor sensors into the winding heads of the to get protected motors, the connection with the switching device takes place. The number of the to get connected PTC thermistors is only limited by the total resistance R25 of the switching device. If in one of the to get controlled parts or areas the temperature increases over the nominal response temperature of the respective PTC sensor e.g. by

- blocking rotor
- aggravated starting
- counter current operation
- low-voltage or phases deficit

so the PTC sensor becomes high-resistive and the release device shuts off the motor contactor over a relay. According to the type of the release device, a switch-back occurs after cooling of approx. 2-5K. For particular cases of an application, an independent restart is not suggested or not acceptable. For such cases, there are release devices with restart blocking (locking, manual reset) available. For this construction, a manual unlocking has to occur for the restart of the machine after a thermal shutoff e.g. after a mains voltage failure of the output relay without locking switches on again. The relay output of the EPHY-MESS release devices is constructed as a potential-free change-over contact. All devices operate by the holding-current principle, what ensures a shutoff of the machine at mains voltage failure, sensor or cable breaking.

Temperature control systems based on PTC thermistor and release devices are not only well suited for the classical motor protection, but also for any kind of temperature controls at which an action has to be ensured after exceeding a temperature threshold value.



7.3 PTC Thermistor Release Devices

7.3.1 Release Device Type (INT69)



Fig. 20: PTC thermistor release device INT69

Designation PTC thermistor release device INT69 / 69V

V = locking

Construction Release device in standard or miniature construction with an alteration

relay. Optional with or without locking

Supply voltage 220V AC 50Hz

Special constructions From 12 – 60VDC, to 24 – 380VAC

Ambient temperature -30°C ... +70°C

Sensors Motor protection PTC thermistor DIN 44081/82

Quantity 1 to 9 PTC thermistors¹ in series (R25ges < 1800Ohm)

Measuring circuits 1

Relay 1 potential-free alteration contact

Switching capacity 250 VAC max. 6A, 300 VA ind.

Installation Top hat rail | screw mounting

Dimensions

 Standard
 68 x 33 x 80mm

 Mini
 68 x 33 x 50mm

IP-Protection class IP20, clamps IP00

Locking With (INT69V) | without (INT69)

1

¹ Identical or different NAT



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Circuit diagram

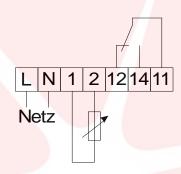


Fig. 21: Circuit diagram INT69

Clamps allocation

Power supply¹: L / N

Sensor clamps: 1/2

polarity doesn't matter

Relay clamps: 12 / 14 / 11

11 / 12 closed if:

sensor temperature > adjusted switching temperature

sensor or cable breaking

breakdown of the supply voltage

11 / 12 opened if:

sensor temperature < adjusted switching temperature &

supply voltage applied

11 / 14 closed if:

sensor temperature < switching temperature & supply

voltage applied

11 / 14 opened if:

sensor temperature > adjusted switching temperature

sensor or cable breaking

breakdown of the supply voltage

¹ See available supply voltage



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7.3.2 Release Device Type (TÜS100)



Fig. 22: PTC thermistor release device TÜS100R

Designation TÜS 100 ZEM xxx, TÜS 100R ZEM xxx

R = with manual reset xxx = supply voltage

Construction PTC thermistor release device with potential-free switch contact,

optional with or without locking for connection of motor protection

PTC thermistor

Supply voltage 220V AC | 110V DC | 24V DC

Ambient temperature -30....70°C

Sensors PTC thermistor according to DIN 44081/82

Measuring circuits

Quantity 1 to 6 PTC thermistor¹ in series (R25ges < 1500Ohm)

Relay 1 alteration contact

Switching capacity 250V AC | max. 6 A | 300VA ind.

Locking With (TÜS100R) | without (TÜS100)

Installation Top hat rail and screw mounting

Dimensions 68 x 33 x 50mm

IP-Protection class IP20, clamps IP00

Weight Approximate 105g

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¹ Identical or different NAT



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Circuit diagram

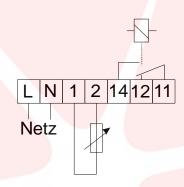


Fig. 23: Circuit diagram TÜS-100

Clamps allocation

Power supply¹: L / N

Sensor clamps: 1/2

polarity doesn't matter

Relais clamps: 14 / 12 / 11

11 / 12 closed if:

sensor temperature > adjusted switching temperature

sensor or cable breaking

breakdown of the supply voltage

11 / 12 opened if:

sensor temperature < adjusted switching temperature &

supply voltage applied

11 / 14 closed if:

sensor temperature < switching temperature & supply

voltage applied

11 / 14 opened if:

sensor temperature > adjusted switching temperature

sensor or cable breaking

breakdown of the supply voltage

¹ See available supply voltages



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7.3.3 PTC Release Device with ATEX Approval Type MS(R)



Fig. 24: PTC switch device MSR 220KA

Designation MS(R) 220 KA (R) = with manual reset

Construction ATEX approved PTC release device with switch relais, electively with

or without manual reset. Suitable for PTC acc. to DIN

Protection II (2 GD)

220V AC | 24V DC Supply voltage

-20°C ... +55°C **Ambient temperature**

PTC acc. to DIN 44081/82 **Sensors**

Measurement circuits

1 up to 6 PTC¹ in serial, (switch value $<4000\Omega$) Quantity

Relais 1 or 2 alternation contacts

With for type MSR | without for type MS Reset

35mm DIN-rail Mounting

Dimension (HxWxT) 75 x 22.5 x 110mm

IP-Protection class Housing IP30, clamps IP20

Weight Approximate 150g

¹ Same or different NAT



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7.4 KTY Release Device Type (KTY 04.01-R)



Fig. 25: KTY -release device KTY 04.01-R

Designation Release device KTY 04.01-R

Construction KTY- release device with mains and faults display, self control

regarding sensor breaking and voltage breakdown (based on the holding-current principle). Adjustable switchoff temperature. A

potential-free relay alteration contact

Supply voltage 230V AC 50Hz (±10%).

Ambient temperature -20°C ... +60°C

Sensors

Type KTY 84-130 / -150 / -151 / -152

Quantity 1
Measuring circuits 1

Relais 1 potential-free alteration contact

Switching capacity 250V AC max. 6A, 300VA ind.

Adjustable switching range 60°C ...+260°C

Switch-back 10K ±2.5K below switchoff temperature

Installation top hat rail and screw mounting

Dimensions 75 x 45 x 107.5mm

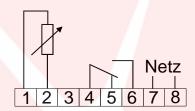
IP-Protection class Housing IP40, connection clamps IP00

Weight Approximate 195g



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Circuit diagram



Clamps allocation

Sensor clamps: 1 / 2

Polarity¹ 1 = (+) colour code: yellow

2 = (-) colour code: green

Relay clamps: 4/5/6

4 / 5 closed if:

sensor temperature > adjusted switching temperature

sensor or cable breaking

breakdown of the supply voltage

4 / 5 opened if:

sensor temperature < adjusted switching temperature &

supply voltage applied

4 / 6 closed if:

sensor temperature < switching temperature & supply

voltage applied

4/6 opened if:

sensor temperature > adjusted switching temperature

sensor or cable breaking

breakdown of the supply voltage

Power supply: 7 / 8 230VAC / 50-60 Hz

¹ Colour code of EPHY-MESS KTY84-1xx sensors



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